COMPLIANCE AUDIT

District Court 10-1-03

Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania

For the Period

January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2023

January 2026

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of the Auditor General

Timothy L. DeFoor • Auditor General

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
Department of the Auditor General
Harrisburg, PA 17120-0018
Facebook: Pennsylvania Auditor General
Twitter: @PAAuditorGen
www.PaAuditor.gov

TIMOTHY L. DEFOOR
AUDITOR GENERAL

The Honorable Pat Browne
Secretary
Pennsylvania Department of Revenue
Harrisburg, PA 17128

We have conducted a compliance audit of the District Court 10-1-03, Westmoreland County, Pennsylvania (district court), for the period January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2023, pursuant to the requirements of Section 401(c) of *The Fiscal Code*, 72 P.S. § 401(c).

The objective of the audit was to determine whether the district court complied with state laws, regulations, and Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts (AOPC) policies and administrative procedures related to the collection of money on behalf of the Commonwealth, including whether moneys collected on behalf of the Commonwealth have been correctly assessed, reported, and promptly remitted.

The procedures we performed are summarized below.

- Obtained data from the AOPC and the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue and determined whether:
  - Amounts provided by the AOPC match amounts received by the Department of Revenue.
  - The district court's distributions to the state agree with the data provided by the Department of Revenue.
- Compared collections by category of fines, fees, and surcharges for each year in the audit period to prior year collections and determined the reason(s) for any large or unusual variances.
- Evaluated data related to cases without collections or adjustments to fines, fees, or surcharges and, if considered necessary, evaluated selected cases to determine whether such cases were handled appropriately.
- Obtained an understanding of internal controls related to the audit objective.
- Evaluated deposits of collections for accuracy and timeliness.
- Determined whether disbursements were accurate.
- Determined whether manual receipts were accurate and properly recorded.
- Determined whether voided receipts were necessary and proper.

- Reviewed selected cases to determine if the district court properly assessed, collected, and recorded all applicable fines, costs, fees, and surcharges.
- Determined whether the court complied with laws, regulations, and AOPC procedures related to the issuance and returns of warrants and Requests For Suspension Of Operating Privileges (DL-38s), collections related to warrants, and accounting for collections in the AOPC computer system.

Our audit was limited to the areas identified above and was not conducted, nor was it required to be, in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

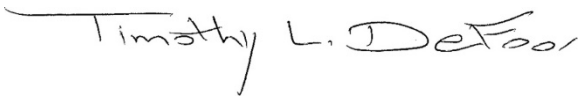
The district court is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance of compliance with state laws and regulations applicable to the collection of moneys on behalf of the Commonwealth, including whether they have been correctly assessed, reported, and promptly remitted. The district court is also responsible for complying with those laws and regulations. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objective. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, for the period January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2023, the district court, in all significant respects, complied with state laws, regulations, and AOPC policies and administrative procedures related to the collection of moneys on behalf of the Commonwealth, except as noted in the finding listed below and discussed later in this report.

- Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures.

This report includes a summary of the district court's receipts and disbursements of funds collected on behalf of the Commonwealth (summary), which the Department of Revenue may use to state and settle the district court's account. We obtained data representing the district court's receipts and disbursements from the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue, which obtains data from each of the Commonwealth's district courts and used the data to create the summary in the format required by the Department of Revenue. We also evaluated the accuracy of the data as part of our audit to conclude on the district court's compliance with certain state laws and regulations as described in the previous paragraph. Other than any adjustments that we considered necessary based on our audit work as disclosed in the *Proposed Audit Adjustments* line of the summary, nothing came to our attention to indicate inaccuracies in the amounts included in the summary.

The contents of this report were discussed with the district court's management. We appreciate the courtesy extended to us by the Westmoreland County District Court 10-1-03 during the course of our audit. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact the Bureau of County Audits at 717-787-1363.



Timothy L. DeFoor
Auditor General
December 29, 2025

CONTENTS

Page

Background 1

Summary Of Receipts And Disbursements 2

Finding and Recommendation:

Finding - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures 3

Report Distribution 6

DISTRICT COURT 10-1-03
WESTMORELAND COUNTY
BACKGROUND
FOR THE PERIOD
JANUARY 1, 2020 TO DECEMBER 31, 2023

The Department of Auditor General is mandated by Article IV, Section 401(c) of *The Fiscal Code (*Act of April 9, 1929, P.L.343, No. 176), to audit the accounts of each district court to determine whether all money collected on behalf of the Commonwealth have been correctly assessed, reported, and promptly remitted.

District Court receipts are comprised of fines, costs, fees, and surcharges collected on behalf of the Commonwealth. These fines, costs, fees, and surcharges represent collections made on traffic, non-traffic, civil, and criminal cases filed with the District Court.

Total disbursements during the audit period are as follows:

District Court checks issued to:	
Department of Revenue	$ 520,358

This balance reflects the summary of monthly transmittal reports provided by the Department of Revenue.

Wayne P. Vlasic served at District Court 10-1-03 for the period January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2023.

Various Senior Judges served at District Court 10-1-03 for the period January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2023.

The summary of receipts and disbursements on the following page provides a summary of receipts and disbursements by category. The categories and the amounts of fines, costs, fees, and surcharges assessed are based on Pennsylvania laws and regulations.

The summary was prepared in accordance with reporting requirements prescribed by the Pennsylvania Department of Revenue. Under this method, only the Commonwealth portion of cash receipts and disbursements are presented, revenues are recognized when received, and expenditures are recognized when paid.

DISTRICT COURT 10-1-03
WESTMORELAND COUNTY
SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD
JANUARY 1, 2020 TO DECEMBER 31, 2023

Receipts:

Department of Transportation		
Title 75 Fines	$	85,262
Child Restraint Fines		229
Department of Revenue Court Costs		77,590
Crime Victims' Compensation Bureau Costs		10,845
Crime Commission Costs/Victim Witness Services Costs		11,647
Domestic Violence Costs		3,295
Department of Agriculture Fines		50
Emergency Medical Service Fines		39,908
CAT/MCARE Fund Surcharges		57,120
Judicial Computer System Fees		31,045
Access to Justice Fees		17,856
Criminal Justice Enhancement Account Fees		3,350
Judicial Computer Project Surcharges		49,147
Constable Service Surcharges		2,205
Miscellaneous State Fines and Costs		130,809
Total receipts		520,358
Disbursements to Commonwealth		(520,358)
Balance due Commonwealth (District Court) per Department of Revenue data		-
Proposed audit adjustments		-
Adjusted balance due Commonwealth (District Court) for the period January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2023	$	-

Finding - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures

Warrants and Requests for Suspension Of Operating Privileges (DL-38s) are used to enforce the collection of monies on traffic and non-traffic cases in which defendants failed to make payments when required. A Warrant of Arrest is used to authorize an official to arrest a defendant, to collect fines and costs from the defendant after a disposition, or to collect collateral for a trial. If the defendant does not respond within ten days to a citation or summons, a Warrant of Arrest may be issued. A Request for Suspension of Driving Privileges for Failure to Respond to a Citation or Summons or Pay Fines and Costs Imposed is used to notify the defendant in writing that his/her license will be suspended if he/she fails to respond to the traffic citation or summons. A DL-38 cannot be issued for a parking violation.

We tested 26 instances in which a warrant was required to be issued under Pa.R.Crim.P. 430 (A) and (B). Our testing disclosed that 11 were not issued timely and four were not issued at all. The time from the date of required issuance to issuance ranged from 68 days to 245 days.

We also tested 14 instances in which a warrant may be issued under Pa.R.Crim.P. 430 (B). Our testing disclosed that six were not issued timely. The time from the date when the warrants should have been issued to issuance ranged from 64 days to 600 days. These results do not include instances in which the Magisterial District Judge recently ordered a payment determination hearing, sentenced the defendant to jail time in lieu of payment, or sentenced the defendant to perform community service.

Furthermore, we tested 18 instances in which a DL-38 was required to be issued. Our testing disclosed that ten were not issued timely and two were not issued at all. The time from the date of required issuance to issuance ranged from 68 days to 147 days.

Finding No. 1 - Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures (Continued)

According to Pa.R.Crim.P. Rule 430, in part:

(A) Arrest warrants initiating proceedings. A warrant for the arrest of the defendant shall be issued when:
  (1) the citation or summons is returned undelivered; or
  (2) the issuing authority has reasonable grounds to believe that the defendant will not obey a summons.
(B) Bench warrants
  (1) A bench warrant shall be issued when:
    (a) the defendant fails to respond to a citation or summons that was served upon the defendant personally or by certified mail return receipt requested; or
    (b) the defendant has failed to appear for the execution of sentence as required in Rule 454(F)(3).
  (2) A bench warrant may be issued when a defendant has entered a not guilty plea and fails to appear for the summary trial, if the issuing authority determines, pursuant to Rule 455(A), that the trial should not be conducted in the defendant's absence.
  (3) A bench warrant may be issued when:
    (a) the defendant has entered a guilty plea by mail and the money forwarded with the plea is less than the amount of the fine and costs specified in the citation or summons; or
    (b) the defendant has been sentenced to pay restitution, a fine, or costs and has defaulted on the payment; or
    (c) the issuing authority has, in the defendant's absence, tried and sentenced the defendant to pay restitution, and/or to pay a fine and costs and the collateral deposited by the defendant is less than the amount of the fine and costs imposed.
  (4) No warrant shall issue under paragraph (B)(3) unless the defendant has been given notice in person or by first class mail that failure to pay the amount due or to appear for a hearing may result in the issuance of a bench warrant, and the defendant has not responded to this notice within 10 days. Notice by first class mail shall be considered complete upon mailing to the defendant's last known address.

DL-38 Procedures: Once a citation is given to the defendant or a summons is issued, the defendant has ten days to respond. If on the eleventh day, the defendant has not responded, 75 Pa.C.S. § 1533 requires that the defendant be notified that he/she has 15 days from the date of notice to respond to the citation/summons before his/her license is suspended. In accordance with Section 1533 of the Pennsylvania Vehicle Code, the defendant has 15 days to respond to the defendant’s copy of the DL-38. If the defendant does not respond by the fifteenth day, the Magisterial District Judge’s office shall notify the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation by issuing the appropriate License Suspension Request.

Finding No. 1- Inadequate Arrest Warrant And DL-38 Procedures (Continued)

In addition, 75 Pa.C.S. §1533 also requires a post-disposition DL-38 be issued if the defendant neglects to pay fines and costs imposed at the time of disposition or fails to make a scheduled time payment.

District court staff stated this was an oversight and that they will comply and issue warrants and DL-38s timely.

The failure to follow warrant and DL-38 procedures could result in uncollected fines and unpunished offenders. Additionally, the risk is increased for funds to be lost or misappropriated. Therefore, district courts should issue warrants when required by Pa.R.Crim.P. 430 A and B (1). Further, it is considered best business practice to issue warrants that fall under Pa.R.Crim.P. 430 B (2) and B (3) when other actions are not taken by the Magisterial District Judge to compel compliance by the defendant, such as ordering a payment determination hearing, sentencing to jail time in lieu of payment, or sentencing to perform community service.

Recommendation

We recommend that the district court review control reports for warrants and DL-38s and take appropriate action.

Management's Response

The Magisterial District Judge responded as follows:

> These were due to warrants being undeliverable, came back as a bad address, we cannot issue to two (2) people, cannot issue to a business, people were laid off due to COVID-19, or in rehab. A majority of these were rectified. Some were a very minimal amount owed, for example, $2.00 and 8.00. Notes were sent out asking for a balance due. Some were picked up on warrants and incarcerated, however, not enough for time served nor could they pay while incarcerated. There were case notes on many warrants.

Auditor's Conclusion

We appreciate the district court's efforts to correct this issue. During our next audit, we will determine if the district court complied with our recommendation.

DISTRICT COURT 10-1-03
WESTMORELAND COUNTY
REPORT DISTRIBUTION
FOR THE PERIOD
JANUARY 1, 2020 TO DECEMBER 31, 2023

This report was initially distributed to:

The Honorable Pat Browne
Secretary
Pennsylvania Department of Revenue

The Honorable Andrea Tuominen
Court Administrator of Pennsylvania
Supreme Court of Pennsylvania
Administrative Office of Pennsylvania Courts

The Honorable Wayne P. Vlasic
Magisterial District Judge

The Honorable Sean Kertes
Chairperson of the Board of Commissioners

The Honorable Jeffrey Balzer
Controller

Amy Mears DeMatt, Esquire
District Court Administrator

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at www.PaAuditor.gov. Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: news@PaAuditor.gov.