# **COMPLIANCE AUDIT**

## Fireman's Relief Association of the Volunteer Fire Company of Union Deposit, South Hanover Township, Pa. Dauphin County, Pennsylvania For the Period January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2023

October 2024



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General

Timothy L. DeFoor • Auditor General



Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General Harrisburg, PA 17120-0018 Facebook: Pennsylvania Auditor General Twitter: @PAAuditorGen www.PaAuditor.gov

TIMOTHY L. DEFOOR AUDITOR GENERAL

Mr. Shane Peterson, President Fireman's Relief Association of the Volunteer Fire Company of Union Deposit, South Hanover Township, PA Dauphin County

We have conducted a compliance audit of the Fireman's Relief Association of the Volunteer Fire Company of Union Deposit, South Hanover Township, Pa. (relief association) for the period January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2023. The audit was conducted pursuant to authority derived from Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania; Section 403 of The Fiscal Code, 72 P.S. § 403; and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act ("VFRA Act"), see 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418.

The objectives of the audit were:

- 1. To determine if the relief association took appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report.
- 2. To determine if the relief association complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds.

Our audit was limited to the areas related to the objectives identified above and was not, nor was it required to be, conducted in accordance with Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Relief association officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that the relief association's administration of state aid and accumulated relief association funds complies with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures, including the safeguarding of assets. Relief association officers are responsible for complying with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures. It is our responsibility to perform procedures to obtain sufficient, appropriate evidence to the extent necessary to satisfy the audit objectives. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our conclusions.

Based on our audit procedures, we conclude that, for the period January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2023:

- The relief association did not take appropriate corrective action to address the findings contained in our prior audit report, as detailed below, and discussed in the Status of Prior Findings section of this report.
- The relief association, in all significant respects, complied with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds, except as noted in the findings listed below and discussed later in this report.

Finding No. 1	<ul> <li>Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster</li> </ul>			
Finding No. 2	<ul> <li>Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Inadequate Minutes Of Meetings And Relief Association Bylaws</li> </ul>			
Finding No. 3	<ul> <li>Unauthorized Expenditures</li> </ul>			

The contents of this report were discussed with the management of the relief association and, where appropriate, their responses have been included in the report. We would like to thank the relief association officials for the cooperation extended to us during the conduct of the audit.

Timothy L. Detoor

Timothy L. DeFoor Auditor General September 30, 2024

### CONTENTS

	Page
Background	1
Status of Prior Findings	4
Findings and Recommendations:	
Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster	5
Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Inadequate Minutes Of Meetings And Relief Association Bylaws	6
Finding No. 3 – Unauthorized Expenditures	9
Report Distribution List	11

#### BACKGROUND

Pursuant to Article VIII, Section 10 of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Section 403 of The Fiscal Code<sup>1</sup>, and the Volunteer Firefighters' Relief Association Act<sup>2</sup> ("VFRA Act"), the Department of the Auditor General's duty is to audit the accounts and records of every volunteer firefighters' relief association to determine that funds received under the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution Law<sup>3</sup> (commonly referred to as Act 205) are properly expended.

The relief association is a charitable organization that was formed primarily to afford financial protection to volunteer firefighters and to encourage individuals to participate in volunteer fire service.

The VFRA Act governs the overall operation of volunteer firefighters' relief associations. Relief association bylaws define the specific operational procedures by which relief associations conduct business. To fulfill its primary purpose, the VFRA Act authorizes specific types of expenditures and prescribes appropriate volunteer firefighters' relief association investment options. Within the parameters established by the VFRA Act, it is the responsibility of relief associations to choose investments in a proper and prudent manner.

Volunteer firefighters' relief associations receive public tax monies, and the relief association officers therefore have a responsibility to the public to conduct the relief association's financial affairs in a businesslike manner and to maintain sufficient financial records to support the propriety of all relief association transactions. Volunteer firefighters' relief association officers are also responsible for ensuring that the relief association operates in accordance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures.

Act 205 sets forth the computation of the Foreign Fire Insurance Tax Distribution paid to each applicable municipality throughout the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The amount of the distribution is based upon the population of each municipality and the market value of real estate within the municipality. Upon receipt of this distribution, the municipality must allocate the funds to the volunteer firefighters' relief association of the fire service organization or fire service organizations that is or are recognized as providing the service to the municipality.

The relief association was allocated state aid from the following municipality:

Municipality	County	2021	2022	2023
South Hanover Township	Dauphin	\$39,274	\$51,482	\$54,186

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 72 P.S. § 403 (as last amended by Act 44 of 2017).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 35 Pa.C.S. § 7411 *et seq*. See specifically, 35 Pa.C.S. § 7418 (amended by Act 91 of 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 53 P.S. § 895.701 et seq. (Act 205 of 1984, as amended by Act 119 of 1990).

#### **BACKGROUND** – (Continued)

Based on the relief association's records, its total cash as of December 31, 2023, was \$87,848, as illustrated below:

Cash \$ 87,848

Based on the relief association's records, its total expenditures for the period January 1, 2021, to December 31, 2023, were \$165,359, as noted below. The accuracy of these expenditures was evaluated as part of the Department's audit to conclude on the relief association's compliance with applicable state laws, contracts, bylaws, and administrative procedures as they relate to the receipt of state aid and the expenditure of relief association funds.<sup>4</sup> The scope of the Department's audit does not include the issuance of an opinion on the accuracy of these amounts.

Expenditures:

Benefit Services:		
Insurance premiums		21,968
Tokens of sympathy and goodwill		668
Total Benefit Services	\$	22,636
Fire Services:		
Equipment purchased		108,818
Equipment maintenance		18,156
Training expenses		13,254
Total Fire Services		140,228
Administrative Services:		
Bond premiums		200
Other administrative expenses		10
Total Administrative Services	\$	210
Other Expenditures:		
Unauthorized expenditures – See Finding No. 3	\$	2,285
Total Expenditures		165,359

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Accuracy was evaluated for a selection of transactions based on dollar amount, category, and/or random selection.

#### **BACKGROUND** – (Continued)

The volunteer firefighters' relief association and the affiliated fire service organization are separate, legal entities. The relief association is affiliated with the following fire service organization:

Volunteer Fire Company of Union Deposit, South Hanover Township, Pa.

#### FIREMAN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY OF UNION DEPOSIT, SOUTH HANOVER TOWNSHIP, PA STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS

#### NONCOMPLIANCE WITH PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The relief association has not complied with the following prior audit findings. These findings are noted below and discussed in detail in the Findings and Recommendations section of this report:

- Failure To Maintain A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster
- Failure To Maintain Minutes Of Meetings

Although the relief association has maintained minutes of all relief association meetings held during the current audit period, the relief association again failed to provide adequate minutes of meetings in the current audit period as disclosed in Finding No. 2 of this report.

We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct those previously reported audit findings. The relief association management should strive to implement the recommendations and corrective actions noted in this audit report.

#### <u>Finding No. 1 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Failure To Maintain</u> <u>A Complete And Accurate Equipment Roster</u>

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association failed to maintain a complete and accurate roster of equipment owned by the relief association. Although a listing of relief association owned equipment was provided during the current audit, it was incomplete because it did not contain the names of suppliers (vendors), dates of purchase and cost of equipment to accurately identify equipment owned by the relief association. As such, it was impossible to determine if all equipment purchased during the audit period in the amount of \$108,818 was recorded. In addition, there was no indication that a physical inventory of equipment was conducted on an annual basis to account for the equipment owned by the relief association.

A similar condition was noted in our prior audit report.

<u>Criteria</u>: Prudent business practice dictates that the relief association should establish adequate internal control procedures to ensure the maintenance of a cumulative equipment roster of all items purchased by the relief association and perform and document an annual physical inventory of all operable equipment in order to provide an effective accounting control over the relief association's equipment. A cumulative equipment roster of all relief association equipment should include all the following:

- Types of equipment purchased
- Dates of purchase
- Unit costs
- Names of suppliers
- Serial numbers, if applicable
- Current locations of items
- Final dispositions of sold or damaged equipment
- Evidence of the performance and results of an annual physical inventory

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials stated that the program used for the equipment roster did not allow them to print everything that was recorded.

<u>Effect</u>: The continued failure to properly record equipment purchases in a detailed equipment roster prevents officials from effectively monitoring the relief association's equipment purchases. In addition, the failure to maintain a detailed equipment roster and perform an annual physical inventory of equipment prevents adequate accountability for, and safeguarding of, relief association equipment.

#### **Finding No. 1 – (Continued)**

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that the relief association officials maintain a cumulative equipment roster of all equipment owned by the relief association. Furthermore, the relief association should ensure it performs an annual physical inventory of all operable equipment and that the completion of the inventory be sufficiently documented. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

#### <u>Finding No. 2 – Noncompliance With Prior Audit Recommendation – Inadequate Minutes</u> Of Meetings And Relief Association Bylaws

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association failed to maintain detailed minutes of meetings as required by the VFRA Act and the relief association's bylaws. Specifically, the relief association's minutes did not address all financial-related transactions that occurred during the audit period. Although the relief association had more than \$165,000 in expenditures during the audit period, it only had two meetings per year. In addition, the existing bylaws of the relief association contains language to conduct business pertaining to the disbursement, investment, and purchase of funds that is based on Act 84 of June 11, 1968. The relief association has not updated the bylaws to govern their organization to meet the requirements set forth in the VFRA Act.

A similar condition was noted in our prior audit report.

<u>Criteria</u>: Section 7415(a) of the VFRA Act states, in part, that the relief association:

... must provide for taking and preserving minutes of all meetings and maintenance of such books of account as may be necessary and appropriate to afford a permanent record of its fiscal affairs.

#### **Finding No. 2 – (Continued)**

The relief association's bylaws at Article III, Section 1 states, in part:

The association shall hold regular meetings, not less than twice yearly, on the second Monday of the month, immediately following a regular meeting of the Volunteer Fire Company of Union Deposit.

In addition, the relief association's bylaws at Article IV, Section 2 states, in part:

The secretary shall keep a true record of the proceedings of every meeting in the minutes. The minutes shall note authorization by the membership of all financial transactions and all other pertinent business discussed at meetings.

Also, the relief association's bylaws at Article VI, Section 1 states:

Funds of this association shall not be expended for any purpose other than those authorized by the provisions of Act 84 and the association bylaws.

The relief association's bylaws at Article VI, Section 3 states, in part:

The equipment acquired must be considered an authorized purchase under the provisions of Act 84 and must be listed on the association's equipment inventory...

The relief association's bylaws at Article VI, Section 4 states, in part:

Any such loans may only be taken for authorized purchases in accordance with Act 84, and should be reported as a liability in the association's financial records...

The relief association's bylaws at Article VII, Section 1 states, in part:

The association funds may be spent for any items in accordance with Act 84, as interpreted by the Department of the Auditor General.

#### **Finding No. 2 – (Continued)**

Furthermore, the relief association's bylaws at Article VIII, Section 1 states:

Funds of this association may be invested in any security authorized by the provisions of section 6(c) of Act 84. All purchases and sales of investments must be made in a prudent manner to insure maximum investment return and be authorized by a majority vote at an association meeting. The approval of the transactions must be recorded in the minutes.

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials stated they were unaware of the level of detail required for minutes of meetings.

<u>Effect</u>: Without maintaining detailed minutes of meetings that address all financial-related transactions, evidence that relief association business was presented before the membership for approval does not exist. As a result of the relief association not updating the bylaws to meet the appropriate requirements, the relief association may have conducted its affairs without proper authorization.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We again recommend that the relief association officials maintain detailed minutes of meetings as required by the VFRA Act and the relief association's bylaws, evidencing the discussion and approval of all financial-related business conducted by the relief association. In addition, due to the amount of expenditures, it is recommended that the relief association have at least quarterly meetings to ensure all transactions are being discussed. Furthermore, we recommend that the relief association officials remove the language referring to Act 84 by updating the bylaws governing their organization so that the bylaws meet the requirements set forth in the VFRA Act. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and indicated they will take action to comply with the recommendation.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We are concerned by the relief association's failure to correct this previously reported audit finding and strongly encourage timely implementation of the recommendation noted in this audit report.

#### **Finding No. 3 – Unauthorized Expenditures**

<u>Condition</u>: The relief association expended funds for the following items during the current audit period that are not authorized by the VFRA Act:

Date	Check No.	Description	 Amount
03/21/2021 08/28/2022 08/28/2022 2021-2022	1569 1612 1615 Multiple	Pediatric AED pads Pediatric AED pads Affiliated fire company vehicle maintenance Sales tax paid	\$ 299 299 1,448 239
	1	Total	\$ 2,285

Criteria: Section 7416(f) of the VFRA Act states:

The funds of any volunteer firefighters' relief association may be spent:

- (1) To pay for such normal and reasonable running expenses as may be appropriate to the businesslike conduct of the affairs of the association, including legal fees, rental or purchase of offices, payment of reasonable compensation of employees and purchase of office equipment and supplies.
- (11) To purchase safeguards for preserving life, health and safety of volunteer firefighters to ensure their availability to participate in the volunteer fire service, including necessary training.

In addition, Section 7418(b) of the VFRA Act states:

(b) Findings -- If the Auditor General finds that money received by a volunteer firefighters' relief association has been expended for a purpose other than one authorized by this subchapter, the commissioner, upon receiving notice of the finding from the auditor general, shall decline to approve payment to the volunteer firefighters' relief association until the improperly expended amount has been reimbursed to the relief association fund.

Costs associated with vehicle maintenance for affiliated fire company owned vehicles, pediatric AED pads, and sales tax does not qualify as authorized volunteer firefighters' relief association expenditures; consequently, these disbursements are not authorized under the VFRA Act.

#### **Finding No. 3 – (Continued)**

<u>Cause</u>: The relief association officials stated they were unaware these purchases were not authorized under the VFRA Act.

<u>Effect</u>: As a result of these improper expenditures, relief association funds were not available for investment purposes, or to pay for expenditures authorized by the VFRA Act.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recommend that the relief association be reimbursed \$2,285 for the unauthorized expenditures and that relief association officials become familiar with Section 7416(f) of the VFRA Act to aid them in determining the propriety of future expenditures. For further guidance, please refer to the Auditor General's publication, MANAGEMENT GUIDELINES FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' RELIEF ASSOCIATIONS.

<u>Management's Response</u>: Relief association management agreed with the finding as presented at the audit exit conference and, as a result of our audit, the affiliated fire company reimbursed the relief association \$2,285 for the unauthorized expenditures on July 29, 2024.

<u>Auditor's Conclusion</u>: We reviewed documentation verifying that the reimbursement of \$2,285 was received. Compliance for expenditures made during the next audit period will be subject to verification through our next audit.

#### FIREMAN'S RELIEF ASSOCIATION OF THE VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY OF UNION DEPOSIT, SOUTH HANOVER TOWNSHIP, PA REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

This report was initially distributed to the following:

#### The Honorable Joshua D. Shapiro

Governor Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Fireman's Relief Association of the Volunteer Fire Company of Union Deposit, South Hanover Township, Pa. Governing Body:

> Mr. Shane Peterson President

Mr. James Dengler Vice President

Ms. Tami Dresher Secretary

Ms. Erin Fischer Treasurer

A report was also distributed to the following municipality, which allocated foreign fire insurance tax monies to this relief association:

#### Mr. Robert Cassel Secretary South Hanover Township

This report is a matter of public record and is available online at <u>www.PaAuditor.gov.</u> Media questions about the report can be directed to the Pennsylvania Department of the Auditor General, Office of Communications, 229 Finance Building, Harrisburg, PA 17120; via email to: <u>news@PaAuditor.gov</u>.